# Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations

MANUFACTURERS are projecting small sales increases and moderate inventory additions for the third and fourth quarters. The projections suggest a much slower growth in sales and larger inventory accumulation than occurred in the first two quarters of 1971. The expected additions to stocks are in line with the sales change, so that the stock-sales ratio would hold steady from midyear to yearend.

Manufacturers' overall evaluation of inventory condition did not change between March 31 and June 30, after showing improvement during the previous year. The net excess inventory fell for the fifth consecutive quarter and was quite small on June 30.

These are the results of the latest OBE quarterly survey of Manufacturer's Inventory and Sales Expectations, conducted in late July and August. Most of the reports were completed before the President's August 15 announcement of changes in economic policies.

#### Manufacturers' sales

Manufacturers expect sales to increase less than 1 percent in the third quarter and a little over 1 percent in the fourth. Quarterly gains earlier this year were sizable, partly reflecting recovery from the General Motors strike and stockpiling of steel in anticipation of a strike.

Durable goods producers project little change in the third quarter and a 1 percent rise in the fourth; sales rose 9 percent in the first quarter and almost 3½ percent in the second. Steel producers expect third quarter sales to fall sharply as steel users reduce their heavy stocks. Metal fabricating industries foresee gains in the third quarter.

Nondurable goods producers' sales are expected to rise 1 percent in the third quarter and 1% percent in the fourth. Sales rose 3½ percent and 1% percent in the first and second quarters, respectively, but had been sluggish throughout most of 1970.

## Inventory additions

Manufacturers expect to add \$400 million to inventories in the third quar-

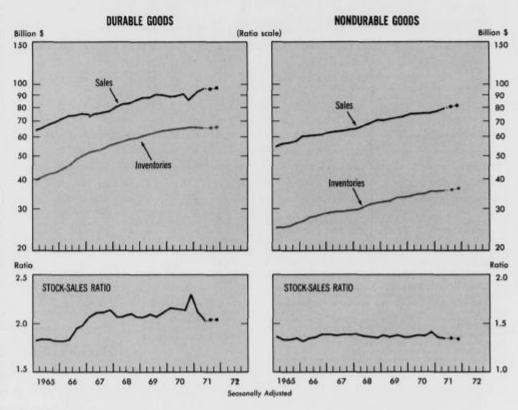
ter and \$1.2 billion in the fourth. Inventories were virtually unchanged in the first two quarters of the year.

Durable goods producers reduced holdings \$325 million between December 31, 1970 and June 30, 1971. They plan additions of \$200 million in the third quarter and \$900 million in the fourth, making second-half accumulation about equal to those in the first

CHART 9

## Manufacturers' Sales and Inventory Expectations

- . Manufacturers expect small sales gains in the third and fourth quarters
- . The projected inventory rise is moderate and about in line with sales



Expectations

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

77-9-9

and second halves of 1970. Metal fabricators plan a substantial cutback in the third quarter, but this is more than offset by increases elsewhere.

Nondurable goods producers increased their holdings \$400 million in the first half of 1971. They expect to add another \$500 million during the second half, with additions slightly larger in the fourth quarter than in the third. The projected rates of accumulation are smaller than last year's.

In both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing, the stock-sales ratio fell during the first half of 1971 and is expected to show little change in the second half. Durable goods producers' stocks were equivalent to 2.03 months of sales on June 30, down from 2.30 on December 31; a ratio of 2.04 is projected for both September 30 and December 31, 1971. The nondurable ratio fell from 1.41 to 1.35 months between December 31 and June 30, and is projected at 1.34 months at yearend 1971.

### Inventory condition, June 30

Manufacturers holding 20 percent of producers' stocks judged their June 30 inventories "high" relative to sales and unfilled orders, 79 percent of the stocks were in the "about right" category, and 1 percent were "low." These percentages are identical to those reported for March 31. The "high" figure had fallen from 24 percent at mid-1970.

The figures for durable goods producers on June 30, 1971 were 23 percent "high," 76 percent "about right," and 1 percent "low." The evaluation did not change on balance between the end of last year and the middle of this year. Their "high" ratio was 28 percent on June 30 last year, following 1½ years of increasing imbalance, but it had declined to 23 percent by December 31.

Nondurable goods producers reported 14 percent of their holdings as "high," 84 percent "about right," and 2 percent "low" on June 30—little changed from the March 31 proportions. The "high" percentage has been generally declining since March 31, 1970, when it was 19 percent.

### Inventory imbalance, June 30

The amount of excess inventory held by producers rose in 1969 and early 1970 and has been falling since then. On June 30, manufacturers had \$2.0 billion of excess inventory (after netting excesses and deficiencies), compared with \$2.2 billion on March 31 and \$2.5 billion on June 30, 1970. The excess at

June 30, 1971 was equivalent to only 2 percent of producers' stocks.

Durable goods producers' excess inventory has been shrinking since mid-1970. The net excess was \$1.55 billion on June 30, 1971, compared to \$1.74

Table I.-Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Expected

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	1968			1989				1070			1971					
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inventories, and of quarters	]	_					ı			1			[			
Unadjoyted:					İ		Ì		l			l	ĺ		l	
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	86.2 86.8 30.2	67.3	89. 5 57. 7 30. 8	9), 5 86, 7 31, 8	02.8 00.5 82.4	W. (	94.7 61.9 32.8	90.4 62.8 33.0	08.4 64.2 34.1	99. 0 (14. 4 34. 5	08.7 64.4 34.3	100. 64. 5 35. 4	101. () 04. () 35. 6	100. 7 63. 0 35. 7	100.2 04.7 36.6	102. 00. 30.
Seasonally adjusted:							l		ļ			l	Ì		ĺ	l
All manufacturing	85. 7 55. 7 30. 0	87. 0 67. 0 30. 0	89. a 58. 1 31. 2	00. 7 £3. 0 81. 8	02.3 60.2 32.2	90.1 61.2 37.0	95. 6 92. 3 83. 2	90.7 03.2 33.5	07. P 68. U 34. U	99.7 64.2 34.5	85. U 85. U 34. C	100. 5 56. 2 36. 3	05.1	100. d 64. d 35. d	si 66.0	B5.
Sales, Iotal for quarter:							l		l			l			l	ļ
Unedjusted:							l		1	Į		l	ì		l	l
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	144. E 80. 6 64. 0	153, 5 86, 1 67, 3	148.2 70.1 00.0	347. 9 88. 6 70. 7	158. 4 87. 0 00. 4	163. 4 90. 5 72. 6	168.8 85.8 73.2	105.0 91.9 74,0	161. 8 87. 8 74, 0	10 <u>8</u> 1	(20.1  編、   7本 (	181. 1 86. 6 70. 5	169. 2 02. 2 70. 0	170. 9 89. 5 70. 7	171.6 01.1 80.4	170. 07. 84.
Seasonally adjusted:					'		l					l			ı	
All monafasturing Durables Nondurables	145.3 80.5 64.7	14% 5 82.7 64.8	151. B \$31. B 48. B	185.0 85.4 70.0	157. 6 87. 2 70. 4	15% 4 57, 5 72, 0	(63. 0 00. 1 72, 11	100.7 00.0 73.7	163.4 68.2 75.2	164. 1 81. 1 73. 9	100. 90. 6 73. 6	100.3 83.5 73.2	170. 6 02. 6 77. 0	175.0 95.6 70.9	1370.0 1 05.0 1 80.1	378. 00. 81.

All actual data have been adjusted to conform with the recent revision by the Eurem of the Census (Report M3-13).
 Expectations reported by manufacturers in Adjust 1971. Inventory expectations have been corrected for systematic biases.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce. Expectations, Office of Business Economics; actuals; Bureau of the Comsus.

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of their Inventories '

	l	Total		<u>'</u>	Durables		Nondur#bles			
	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low	High	About right	[_dn/f	
June 30, 1080	9212	78 78 70	4 3 2	22 22 23	76 70 03	4 3 2	16 14	83 83 71	1 1	
March 31, 1967 June 30, 1067 September 30, 1967 December 31, 1967	31 21 27 25	48: 67 41: 72	1 4 5 F	37 36 34 31	63 63 67	1 1 3 2	20 20 15 15	78 70 81 81	144	
Alarch 81, 1968 June 30, 1968 Soptember 30, 1968 December 31, 1968	26 26 24 18	72 72 73 80	3 3 2	31 21 24 Hi	64 67 70 70	9 1 22 21	15 10 10 10	82 80 79 82	8 4 5 2	
March 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 Soptember 30, 1969 December 31, 1961	20	78 77 76 70	2 2 1 1	21 22 26 25	77 76 79 79	2 1 2	17 18 17 18	80 80 81	1 2 1	
Alareh 31, 1970. Juan 38, 1978. Soptember 30, 1970. December 31, 1970.	75 75 75 71	76 76 77 78		27 28 25 26	71 71 74 70	1	19 10 10	80 81 83 82	1 9 1	
Ahreb St, 1071		79	1	* 23 73	7 75 70	′2	711	61 62	7 t 2	

Revised.
 Condition of actual interactive relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Patentidistribution of inventory book values according to companies' chasilications of inventory book values according to companies' chasilications of inventory condition.

NOTE: Due to change in survey questionnaire, data starting December 31, 2008 are not strictly comparable to prior data. Source: U.S. Department of Comparer, Office of Business Economics.

billion on March 31 and \$1.90 billion on June 30, 1970. The net excess in June 1971 was about 2½ percent of durable goods producers' inventories, down from almost 3 percent in June 1970.

Nondurable goods producers reported a slight increase in not excess—from \$430 million to \$470 million—between March 31 and June 30, 1971. The not excess on June 30 was 1.3 percent of their total holdings, as compared with 1.7 percent in June 1970.

The average excess for companies that judged their stocks "high" was 11 percent of their holdings at mid-1971, and the average deficiency for the small number of companies judging their stocks "low" was 23 percent.

Table 3.—Inventory Imbalance

		<u></u>	N		
	l.	Inver-		TÉGEH	
	INVER- LOFF CEOPES	tory defi- clency	A 19 <b>00</b> ant <sup>1</sup>	Percent of total inven-	
	(D#O	lons of d	olinys)	torica	
A)) manufacturatu:					
Dec. 21, 1988	1.73	0.24	1,48	1, 7	
Ator. 31, 1989 June 30, 1960 Sept. 30, 1969 Dec. 31, 1969	1.87 1.96 2.90 2.90	. 16 . 24 . 15 . 10	1,71 1,79 2,91 2,34	1, 11 1, 11 2, 4 2, 6	
Mar. 31, 1970, Jame 30, 1970, Sept. 30, 1970, Dec. 31, 1970.	2.58 2.62 2.48 2.44	. 10 . 13 . 11 . 13	2,48 2,47 2,37 2,31	26 26 23 23	
Mpr. 31, 1971, June 30, 1971,	* 2.31 2,34	. 14 . 32	* 8, 17 2, 02	* 2, 2 2, 0	
Durghiu guode :					
Dec. 31, 1988	1,14	.20	141	1, 7	
Mar. 31, 1000	1.31 1.35 1,76 1,91	. 13 . 14 . 13	1, 19 1, 17 1, 64 1, 78	9, 0 1, 0 9, 7 9, 8	
Mag. 31, 1970 June 30, 1670 Sept. 30, 1670 Dec. 31, 1910	1,97 2,00 1,94 1,88	.00 .10 .07 .07	1,88 1,90 1,87 1,81	2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 8	
Mar. 31, 1971 June 30, 1971	* 1, 81 1, 78	, No , 148	* 1.74 1.85	*2.7 2.4	
Mandarable goods:					
1205.31, 1966	. 64	.05	. 411	1.6	
Atur. 21, 1900. June 20, 1909. Sept. 20, 1969. Dec. 31, 1969.	. 60 . 61 . 61 . 60	.00 .00 .04	. 52 . 56 . 57 . 50	l. 6 l. 7 l. B l. 7	
Mar. 31, 1970. June 30, 1970. Sept. 30, 1970. Deg. 31, 1970.	. 61 . 62 . 54 . 58	.01 .05 .04 .08	.00 .57 .50 .59	1.B 1.7 1.5	
Mor. 21, 1971 June 80, 1971		:87 :34	.48 .47	* 1. 2 1. 3	

r Revised.

The Census Bureau has published benchmark and seasonal factor revisions of the data on manufacturers' shipments and orders beginning with January 1966. The revised data are published in Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1966-1971 (Revised), Series M3-1.3, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Price 70 cents. Shown here are the resulting revisions in aggregate manufacturing and trade sales and inventories, regularly published on page S-5 of the Souvex.

Manufacturing and Trade Sales, Inventories, and Inventory/Sales Ratios

	Unadjusted		Seasonally odjusted			
	Inventories	Saks	Inventories	Baley	Investory/ sales ratios	
isse: January February Morch April May	120, 694 123, 172 125, 375 126, 705 128, 961 128, 856	76, 045 80, 872 86, 872 86, 012 86, 850 16, 160	121, 634 123, 627 124, 221 124, 314 126, 342 128, 573	85, 636 86, 707 87, 317 84, 985 85, 177 87, 573	1. 42 1. 44 1. 42 1. 43 1. 47 1. 47	
July August September October Royenblee December		82,008 67,115 60,237 90,000 80,287 96,420	170, 737 131, 196 137, 735 133, 736 135, 731 136, 714	88, 888 87, 621 86, 284 88, 199 87, 594 87, 188	1, 50 1, 50 1, 50 1, 50 1, 54 1, 54	
1967 : January Fobruary March. April Muy June	137, 179 136, 744 140, 409 141, 477 141, 285 140, 738	81, 204 83, 178 10, 050 88, 217 90, 007 98, 890	138, 619 138, 674 139, 288 139, 164 140, 172 140, 3115	63, 743 68, 050 63, 641 88, 770 68, 986 90, 004	1, 24 1, 27 1, 27 1, 38 1, 86 1, 36	
July Adgust September October November December	140, 143 140, 375 140, 288 142, 773 145, 002 143, 792	84, 032 88, 008 91, 584 91, 787 92, 715 97, 864	144, 952 141, 723 142, 189 142, 417 143, 078 145, 072	84, 412 90, 524 90, 743 89, 162 91, 031 92, 764	1, 68 1, 57 1, 67 1, 60 1, 48 1, 58	
1949: January Fostpary Horch. April Any	144, 688 146, 444 147, 957 149, 657 150, 646 150, 314	84, 264 88, 878 95, 904 95, 505 18, 303 90, 800	145, 588 146, 354 146, 710 148, 012 140, 101 149, 162	13, 103 13, 651 14, 661 14, 760 16, 051 17, 127	1. 50 1. 50 1. 55 1. 50 1. 55 1. 54	
July August September October November		04, 811 100, 006 101, 004 103, 689 101, 627 103, 243	100, 410 151, 440 142, 218 153, 463 153, 063 154, 860	98, 282 96, 376 98, 311 00, 160 00, 856 08, 010	1. 53 1. 57 1. 55 1. 55 1. 57	
1969: Jantary Fabruary March April May June	154, 640 166, 681 146, 726 160, 285 160, 008 160, 565	92, 550 96, 831 101, 670 102, 340 104, 270 106, 690	155, 307 156, 566 157, 646 158, 477 159, 301 100, 281	00, 606 100, 618 101, 222 101, 890 102, 446 102, 027	1. 68 1. 60 1. 50 1. 60 1. 65 1. 68	
July August September Cotaber November December	160, 335 160, 282 151, 708 164, 387 186, 082 184, 200	98, 058 101, 745 100, 783 110, 160 104, 292 100, 334	101, 134 102, 054 163, 065 164, 322 164, 680 165, 687	102, 572 203, 700 204, 324 106, 067 104, 144 103, 580	1. 57 1. 50 1. 56 1. 58 1. 60	
1870: January February March. April May Juna	164, 678 168, 501 168, 602 169, 661 169, 232 168, 898	90, 835 90, 653 105, 333 104, 508 106, 810 111, 073	185, 621 189, 610 187, 981 187, 835 187, 854 188, 413	104, 140 105, 181 104, 788 104, 388 106, 062 106, 514	1. 59 1. 58 1. 60 1. 64 1. 58 1. 58	
July		103, 200 104, 725 106, 883 100, 621 103, 621 117, 680	109, 539 170, 205 170, 106 171, 108 171, 708 171, 908	106, 734 107, 123 106, 572 104, 523 103, 411 104, 663	1, 60 1, 60 1, 66 1, 66 1, 63	

Source: U.S. Department of Continerer, Office of Business Regulations.